# **BRONZE MEDALLION** At-a-glance



The Lifesaving Society's Bronze Medallion challenges the candidate both mentally and physically. Judgment, knowledge, skill, and fitness – the four components of water rescue – form the basis of Bronze Medallion training. Candidates acquire the assessment and problem-solving skills needed to make good decisions in, on, and around the water. Bronze Medallion is a prerequisite for assistant lifeguard training in Bronze Cross.

# **Knowledge Items**

- 1. **\*The Lifesaving Society:** Demonstrate knowledge of the Lifesaving Society and awareness of its training program opportunities.
- 2. \*Drowning Chain of Survival: Demonstrate knowledge of the Drowning Chain of Survival.
- 3. **\*Rescue process:** Demonstrate knowledge of the Ladder Approach and the Rescuer's Checklist and how the rescuer uses them in decision-making.
- 4. **\*Cold water:** Demonstrate knowledge of the dangers of cold water immersion and risk to the rescuer in cold water rescues.

# **Skill Items**

#### 5. \*†Self-rescue:

- a) Wearing a long-sleeve shirt and long pants, demonstrate (safely) a disorienting entry and swim 15 m. Remove and inflate pants and form a huddle for 1 minute with two or more others.
- b) Wearing clothing, simulate self-rescue techniques for cold water and moving water.

#### 6. \*Swimming and lifesaving strokes:

- a) Swim 25 m or yd. each of: front crawl, back crawl, breaststroke.
- b) Swim 25 m or yd. each of: head-up front crawl, head-up breaststroke.
- c) Swim 25 m or yd. each of: whip kick, eggbeater, scissor kick or inverted scissor kick.

#### 7. \*Victim recognition:

- a) In the water, simulate the appearance of a weak swimmer, a non-swimmer, an unconscious victim, and an injured victim.
- b) Recognize the difference between a weak swimmer and a non-swimmer; and recognize an unconscious victim and an injured victim.

#### 8. \*Entries and removals:

- a) Demonstrate three entries with aids and three entries without aids.
- b) With the assistance of an untrained bystander, demonstrate the removal of a conscious and an unconscious victim.

#### 9. \*†Defences and releases:

- a) In ready position, demonstrate ability to scull forward, backward and sideways for 60 seconds.
- b) Demonstrate three defences from the front, side, and rear and three releases from the front, side, and rear. Assume a ready position and communicate verbally after each defence and release.

## Notes

 \*Asterisk indicates instructorevaluated item. The † symbol denotes the only items evaluated during a recertification. See Foreword (p. iii) and Standardized recertification content for Bronze Medallion and Bronze Cross, p. viii.

# **BRONZE MEDALLION** At-a-glance



#### 10. \*Tows and carries:

- a) Demonstrate the use of three towing aids: tow a passive victim 15 m with each aid.
- b) Demonstrate three assistive carries and three control carries: carry a passive victim 15 m with each carry.
- 11. **\*Search:** Demonstrate an effective shallow water search.
- 12. **\*†Submerged victim recovery:** Demonstrate recovery of an unconscious victim from deep water: surface and carry victim to a point of safety 5 m distant.
- 13. **\*Drowning resuscitation:** On a manikin, demonstrate single-rescuer adult, child, and infant drowning resuscitation including ability to deal with complications.

## **Fitness Items**

- 14. \*Rescue drill: Enter the water and swim head-up 25 m or yd. to contact a passive victim or manikin located at the surface and carry 25 m or yd.
- 15. \*†Endurance challenge: Swim 400 m within 12 minutes (400 yd. within 11 minutes).

### **Judgment Items**

- 16. **\*Risk assessment and response:** While modelling safe personal behaviour, conduct a safety assessment of an aquatic environment and its activities. Identify and remove hazards where applicable and intervene in unsafe activities where appropriate.
- 17. **†Rescue 1 from land:** Perform a low-risk, non-contact rescue from land of a weak or tired swimmer located no more than 10 m away.
- **18. TRescue 2 open water:** Perform a non-contact rescue of a tired or weak swimmer or nonswimmer in open water with a towing aid or craft. Approach 20 m or yd. and tow 20 m or yd. to safety. Rescuer performs appropriate follow-up procedures including treatment for shock.
- 19. **†Rescue 3 non-breathing victim:** Perform a rescue of a non-breathing victim located at the surface in deep water, 5 m from point of safety. Remove victim and perform CPR on a manikin.